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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/477,169	01/04/2000	DONALD STERN	CISCP125	8786
22434	7590 05/07/2003			
BEYER WEAVER & THOMAS LLP			EXAMINER	
P.O. BOX 77 BERKELEY	78 , CA 94704-0778		CAO, DIEM K	
		`	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2126	$\overline{}$
			DATE MAILED: 05/07/2003	1

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	09/477,169	STERN, DONALD				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Diem K Cao	2126				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nety filed s will be considered timety. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>04 N</u>	March 2003 .					
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL. 2b)□ Th	is action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims	aplication					
4) Claim(s) 1-7 and 10-25 is/are pending in the a						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-7and 10-25</u> is/are rejected. 7)⊡ Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement					
Application Papers	r ciccion requirement.					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	г.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. S	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No					
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priorapplication from the International Bu* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	c priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).				
 a) The translation of the foreign language pro 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domesting 						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal	y (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. This Office Action is in response to the Amendment filed on 3/4/2003.
- 2. Claims 1-7 and 10-25 are pending. Applicant has cancelled claims 8-9 and amended claims 1, 6-7, 10-17, 19, 22, and 25.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 4. Claims 1- 4, 19, and 22-25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Anderson et al. (U.S. 5,448,735).

As to claim 1, Anderson teaches determining one or more code modules to be executed (a task is a data ... one or more module; col. 6, line 64 – col. 7, line 32), wherein the one or more code modules are one or more DLLs (modules may be either programmed ... library routines, col. 17, lines 26-38), ascertaining a hierarchical order in which the one or more code modules are to be executed (the modules in a task are grouped in the appropriate order; col. 7, lines 6-19), loading the one or more code modules to be executed (load and connect modules in the desired arrangement; col. 7, lines 21-32 and client loads module; col. 9, lines 26-50), and building a chain connecting the one or more code modules such that the one or more code modules will automatically execute in the hierarchical order when a first one of the one or more code modules is executed (A DSP task such as 611 ... by the module; col. 16, line 58 – col. 17, line 46), wherein each of the code modules responsible for calling a next one of the code modules in the

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chain includes a reference to the next one of the code modules in the chain (task datum 1201 ... 1205; col. 17, line 48 – col. 18, line 7), wherein an address in memory at which the next one of the code modules in the chain is loaded is associated with the reference to the next one of the code modules in the chain (DSP modules are provided ... desired function; col. 7, line 20 – col. 8, line25).

As to claim 2, Anderson teaches wherein building a chain enables the one or more code modules to execute without requiring a parent code module responsible for calling the one or more code modules (task datum 1201 ... 1205; col. 17, line 48 – col. 18, line 7).

As to claim 3, Anderson teaches the loading step is performed simultaneous with the building step (DSP modules are ... its function; col. 7, lines 20-32 and to execute module 500; col. 9, lines 25-50).

As to claim 4, Anderson teaches building a chain is performed such that the one or more code modules can be modified without requiring recompilation of the one or more code modules (The actual executable routine required ... code modules 1202-1205; col. 17, line 67 – col. 18, line 7).

As to claim 19, it corresponds to the method claim of claim 1. Anderson further teaches a method of configuring a hardware device (DSP devices, real-time task list and timeshare task list; col. 9, line 51 – col. 11, line 7).

As to computer product claim 22, it corresponds to the method claim of claim 1.

As to claims 23-24, see rejections of claims 3-4 above.

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As to computer system claim 25, it corresponds to the method claim of claim 1.

Anderson further teaches (col. 4, line 51 – col. 5, line 54) a processor (a processor 102), a memory (a random access memory).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 6-7, 18, and 20-21 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Anderson et al. (U.S. 5,448,735).

As to claim 6, Anderson does not explicitly teach determining one or more code modules to be executed comprises determining one or more code modules to be executed to complete configuration of a hardware interface of a router. Anderson teaches determining one or more code modules to be executed to creating tasks for a device (DSP device, real-time task list and share task list; col. 9, line 51 – col. 11, line 7). It would have been obvious to apply the teaching of Anderson to configuration a hardware interface of a router because it provides an efficient means for task organization which groups tasks by functions.

As to claim 7, see rejection of claim 6 above.

As to claim 18, Anderson does not explicitly teach associating one of the one or more code modules with a hardware interface to identify a starting point for execution upon occurrence of an interrupt. Anderson teaches the device is coupled to a bus and resides on the main system logic board (col. 9, line 51-67), and each task has a starting point (Fig. 6) for

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execution. It would have been obvious the one or more code modules associated with a hardware interface that identifies a starting point for execution upon occurrence of an interrupt.

As to claim 20, see rejection of claim 18 above.

As to claim 21, see rejection of claim 7 above.

7. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Anderson et al. (U.S. 5,448,735) in view of Crick et al. (U.S. 5,781,797).

As to claim 5, Anderson does not explicitly teach loading the one or more code modules is performed in a reverse order of the hierarchical order. Crick teaches loading the one or more code modules are performed in a reverse order of the hierarchical order (The driver configuration ... last load table entry; col. 5, lines 29-31). It would have been obvious to apply the teaching of Crick to the system of Anderson because it provides a method for the system to know the location/address of loaded software modules.

8. Claims 10-14 and 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Anderson et al. (U.S. 5,448,735) in view of Mattson, Jr. (U.S. 6,317,870 B1).

As to claim 10, Anderson teaches obtaining a first one of the one or more code modules (task datum 1201 contains a reference to a status module 1202; col. 17, line 48-67), wherein the first one of the one or more code modules has previously been loaded (DSP modules are provided ... DSP task list; col. 7, line 20-32), determining whether the first one of the one or more code modules is to subsequently execute a second one of the one or more code modules upon completion of execution of the first one of the one or more code modules (the control or status module ... 1205; col. 17, line 48-67), wherein the second one of the one or more code

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modules has previously been loaded (DSP modules are provided ... DSP task list; col. 7, line 20-32).

However, Anderson does not explicitly teach when it is determined that the first one of the one or more code modules is to subsequently execute a second one of the one or more code modules, updating a branch table of the first one of the one or more code modules to identify an address at which the second one of the one or more code modules is loaded such that the reference to the second one of the one or more code modules in the branch table of the first one of the one or more code modules is associated with the address at which the second one of the one or more code modules is loaded. Anderson teaches the first module includes a reference to identify the address at which the second one module is loaded (the calls create the task structure, load and connect modules ... pointer information; col. 7, lines 20-67). Mattson teaches when the first module call a second module, when the code is first executed, update the first module to identify an address at which the second module is loaded (the dynamic loader ... subsequent execution; col. 5, lines 43-65). It would have been obvious to apply the teaching of Mattson to the system of Anderson because Mattson clearly teaches how to link code modules instead of silently taught method of Anderson.

As to claim 11, it is the same as claim 10 except the first module has an option to execute the second module instead of the first module to execute the second module.

As to claim 12, it is the same as claim 10 except the first module can execute the second module instead of the first module to execute the second module.

As to claim 13, Anderson does not explicitly teach wherein the branch table of the first one of the one or more code modules includes the reference to the second one of the one or more

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code modules prior to loading the code modules and includes the address of the second one of the one or more code modules after the code modules have been loaded. Mattson teaches the branch table of the first one of the one or more code modules includes the reference to the second one of the one or more code modules prior to loading the code modules and includes the address of the second one of the one or more code modules after the code modules have been loaded (Fig. 5 and the dynamic loader ... step 156; col. 5, line 43 - col. 6, line 59). It would have been obvious to apply the teaching of Mattson to the system of Anderson because it provides the users with simple in design and efficient in operation.

As to claim 14, Anderson does not explicitly teach updating a branch table includes modifying an entry in the branch table such that a dummy address is replaced with the address of the second one of the one or more code modules. Mattson teaches updating a branch table includes modifying an entry in the branch table such that a dummy address is replaced with the address of the second one of the one or more code modules (Fig. 5 and the dynamic loader :.. step 156; col. 5, line 43 - col. 6, line 59). It would have been obvious to apply the teaching of Mattson to the system of Anderson because it provides the users with simple in design and efficient in operation.

As to claim 17, see rejection of claim 14 above.

9. Claims 15-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Anderson et al. (U.S. 5,448,735) in view of Mattson, Jr. (U.S. 6,317,870 B1) further in view of Crick et al. (U.S. 5,781,797).

As to claim 15, Anderson does not explicitly teach when the first one of the one or more code modules is shared by two or more executable chains of code modules, associating the

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second one of the one or more code modules with one of the two or more executable chains such that the branch table of the first one of the one or more code modules includes at least two entries, each of the entries identifying one of the two or more executable chains, each of the entries including an address. Anderson teaches a module could be shared by more than one task (the Subband coders ... components; col. 20, lines 33-53). Mattson teaches when a code module is shared by two executable chains, two call tables associated with two executable chains contain references refer to the one code module (see Fig. 8B). It would have been obvious to apply and modify the teaching of Mattson to the system of Anderson because it provides a method to load only one code module in the system even when there are more than one executable chains exist.

As to claim 16, Anderson does not explicitly teach the second one of the one or more code modules is associated with one of the two or more executable chains when a parameter is associated with one of the two or more executable chains such that each of the entries further includes a parameter used to select one of the two or more executable chains. However, it is well known in the art the if/else or switch control flow of the execution when there are more than one cases could happen. It would have been obvious to apply the well-known technique to the system of Anderson when one code module could be referenced by two executable chains.

Response to Arguments

10. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-7, and 10-25 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Diem K Cao whose telephone number is (703) 305-5220. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday, 9:00AM - 5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Follansbee can be reached on (703) 305-8498. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-6296 for regular communications and (703) 305-9731 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 305-3900.

Any response to this action should be mailed to: Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks

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Washington, DC 20231

Or fax to:

- AFTER-FINAL faxes must be signed and sent to (703) 746-7238.
- OFFICIAL faxes must be signed and sent to (703) 746-7239.
- NON-OFFICIAL/DRAFT faxes should not be signed, please send to (703) 746-7140.

Diem Cao April 28, 2003

Suelas